

Leak-Free Load-Control Valve, Size 25

Q_{max} = 500 l/min [132 gpm], p_{max} = 420 bar [6000 psi] leak-proof, two-stage hydraulic, manifold mounting Series CINDY 25-B-P...



- Two-stage load-control valve and bypass check valve are functionally combined in one coaxial valve assembly
- Leak-free load holding
- Pilot ratio 113:1
- Guaranteed closing force for the load-control assembly
 → reliable shut-off even with a broken spring
- Various pilot-pressure ranges can be chosen
- Satisfies exacting demands on corrosion protection thanks to zinc-nickel coating
- Various types of pilot control are available
- Pressure relief is independent of return-line pressure
- Low-noise operation thanks to specially shaped control grooves

valve, they combine the functions of load-holding, safety

and pipe-rupture protection. Leak-free load-control valves

in this series are ideally suited for use in high-pressure appli-

cations up to 420 bar (6000 psi). With a variety of optional components, the series can be extended and adapted to

1 Description

Whenever large loads are to be precisely moved, placed and held, or work access platforms must maintain their position and withstand high forces, then leak-free load-control valves from the CINDY series are the right solution.

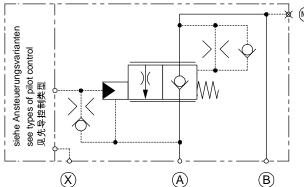
Load-control valves in this series prevent hydraulic actuators from running ahead of the available oil supply. In one

2 Symbol

2.1 Manifold-mounting variants

Variant A

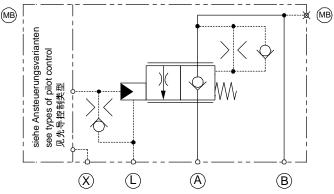
Influenced by return-line pressure (pressure in A is additive to opening pilot pressure).



Variant L

Not influenced by return-line pressure (drain line is required).

the requirements of the system.



3 Technical data

| General characteristics | | Description, value, unit | |
|--|---------------------------|--|--|
| Designation | | Leak-Free Load-Control Valve | |
| Design | | Leak-proof, two-stage hydraulic, manifold mounting | |
| Size | | Size 25 | |
| Mounting method | | Flange mounting (4x hex. socket-head cap screws with secondary pressure relief valve (SV): M14x120 without secondary pressure relief valve (SV): M14x80 DIN EN ISO 4762, – grade 12.9) | |
| Main port Main port Tank port Control / drain ports Test ports | A B T X, L MB | Ø 27 mm[Ø 1.062 inch](factory standards)Ø 30.5 mm[Ø 1.181 inch](factory standards)Ø 18 mm[Ø .708 inch] (factory standards)Ø 4 mm[Ø .157 inch] (factory standards)G 1/4", ISO 1179-1 | |
| Weight | | 8.5 13.3 kg [18.73229.32 lbs] | |
| Mounting attitude | | unrestricted | |
| Ambient temperature range | | - 25 °C +100 °C [-13 °F +212 °F] (others on application) | |
| Surface corrosion protection | | Zinc-nickel coating Mounting screws zinc-flake coated (e.g. with Geomet® finish) | |

| Hydraulic characteristics | Description, value, unit | |
|--|--|--------------------|
| Maximum operating pressure | 420 bar | [6000 psi] |
| Maximum pressure at the flow- or return port A | 420 bar | [6000 psi] |
| Maximum pressure at the actuator- / load port B | 420 bar | [6000 psi] |
| Maximum pressure at the pilot port X | 420 bar | [6000 psi] |
| Maximum flow rate | 500 l/min | [132 gpm] |
| Flow direction | $A \rightarrow B$, free flow through ch $B \rightarrow A$, controlled flow | eck valve |
| Operator type | hydraulic proportional or el | ectro proportional |
| Opening pilot ratio | 113:1 | |
| Secondary pressure relief valve SVA / SVT | 120420 bar setting is factory-sealed (lower settings on request) | [1700…6000 psi] |
| Factory setting tolerance of the secondary pressure relief valve | 0 + 14.0 bar | [0 + 200 psi] |
| Hydraulic fluid | HL and HLP mineral oil to I for other fluids, please cont |) |
| Hydraulic fluid temperature range | - 25 °C + 80 °C | [-13 °F +176 °F] |



| Hydraulic characteristics | | Description, value, unit | |
|---|--|---|---|
| FKM | | - 25 °C + 100 °C - 20 °C + 200 °C - 55 °C + 80 °C | [-13 °F +212 °F] [-4 °F +392 °F] [-67 °F +176 °F] |
| Viscosity range | | 2.81500 mm ² /s (cSt), rec | ommended 10380 mm ² /s (cSt) |
| Minimum fluid cleanliness Cleanliness class to ISO 4406 : 1999 | | Class 20/17/14 | |

4 Construction and function

The functions of the control assembly are subdivided into the following positions:

4.1 Neutral position

The load pressure and the compression spring act on the control spool in the closing direction. The valve is closed with no leakage.

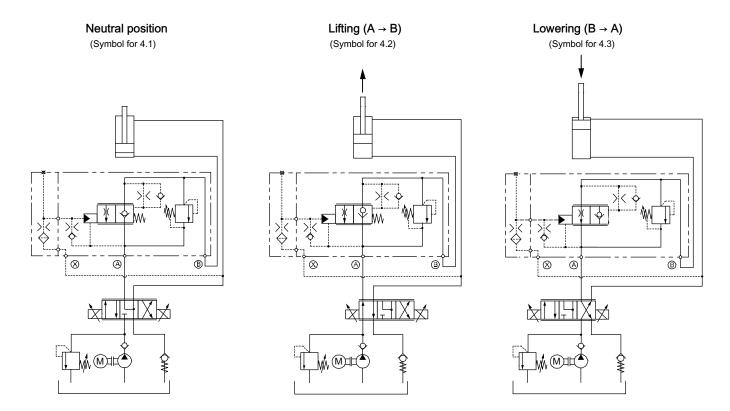
4.2 Lifting (flow direction from $A \rightarrow B$)

The pump pressure at port A opens the valve against the "light" compression spring and the load. The pilot spool and control spool move together in the opening direction. Oil flows from A \rightarrow B and the valve functions as a check valve.

4.3 Lowering (flow direction from $B \rightarrow A$)

The pilot pressure at port X acts on the pilot piston and against the control springs. The pilot spool opens. As a result, the load pressure B is discharged to port A via the metering grooves in the pilot spool. The progressive characteristic of the pre-opening phase ensures that lowering begins smoothly and without jerks.

If the pilot pressure at port X is increased, the pilot spool opens further. The change in the pressure conditions at the control spool means that it follows the pilot spool in the opening direction. The oil flows from $B \rightarrow A$.



4.4 Types of pilot control

| Cover types / applications | Type "G" | Type "D" | Туре "К" | Туре "Н" | Type "E" |
|---|----------|------------|------------|----------|------------|
| Cylinder application (external pilot signal) | 55 | × | × | 1 | J J |
| Cylinder application (pilot signal from opposite line) | | 55 | | | × |
| Motors / Winches | × | | J J | × | × |
| Motors for slewing drives | × | <i>√ √</i> | × | × | × |

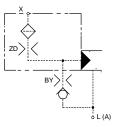
Explanation of symbols: $\checkmark \checkmark$ = normal

✓ = possible

× = not possible

4.4.1 Standard damping cover, type "G"

Pilot control type "G" is recommended for external control, or with low-oscillation applications. This control cover can only be damped with an inlet orifice. Stroke-dependent damping is not possible with this cover.



w

ZD

"DD1") L

BY)

6 L (A)

4.4.2 Stroke-dependent damping cover, type "D"

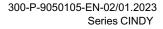
The type "D" cover is recommended for handling pilot signals that come from the opposite actuator line and for applications that are susceptible to oscillations. Thanks to the pilot piston's stroke-dependent damping system, oscillationprone applications can be started in a very stable manner. The starting pressure peak is reduced because in the starting zone the valve responds guickly to the pilot signal.

4.4.3 Stroke-dependent damping cover with metering grooves, type "K"

The stroke-dependent damping cover with metering grooves, type "K", is recommended for applications that are susceptible to oscillations, such as hydraulic motors (e.g. winches).

4.4.4 Hydromechanical stroke-limiting cover, type "H"

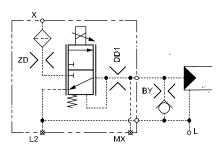
With the type "H" pilot control, the stroke is limited in order to achieve a particular flow rate or speed. This reduces the valve resolution.





4.4.5 Electroproportional pressure-reducing valve cover Type "E"

The type "E" control can be used for electroproportional control. In this case, the inlet signal at port X is reduced to a level proportional to the applied control current. The small flow of pilot oil from the pressure reducing valve is led away through an internal drain connection or a separate drain port. This control type is only intended for external pilot oil supplies, and it is essential to use a back-pressure-independent body (L).



| Hydraulic characteristics | Description, value, unit | |
|---|--|--|
| Pilot-oil supply at X | min. 30 bar max. 350 bar | [min. 435.11 psi] [max. 5076.32 psi] * |
| Permissible tank pressure at L (static) | max. 5 bar | [max. 72.51 psi] |
| Flow rate (pump) available at X | min. 2 l/min | [min. 0.528 gpm] |
| Pilot-oil consumption / Leakage flow rate | < 0.1 l/min (I = 0) < 0.5 l/min (I = max) | [< 0.026 gpm (I = 0)] [< 0.132 gpm (I = max)] |
| Hysteresis (with PWM control; pulse frequency 100 Hz) | 0.5 bar | [7.25 psi] |
| Pilot-pressure control range | 020 bar | [0290.07 psi] |

* Other values on request

| Electrical characteristics | Description, value, unit | Description, value, unit | |
|--|--|--------------------------|--|
| Nominal voltage | 12 V DC | 24 V DC | |
| Resistance R 20 | 5.3 Ω ± 5 % | 21.2 Ω ± 5 % | |
| Maximum current at 100% duty cycle | 1500 mA | 750 mA | |
| Power consumption at operating temperature (with increased resistance) | 18 W | 18 W | |
| Control current at start of opening | ~ 600 mA | ~ 300 mA | |
| Control current when fully open | ~ 1400 mA | ~ 700 mA | |
| Relative duty cycle 100 % | | | |
| Insulation class | class 180 °C (VDE 0580:H) [356 °F] | | |
| Protection class IP 65 (DIN VDE 0470) | | | |
| Connector plug type | AMP Junior Timer Deutsch Plug DT04-2P | | |

IMPORTANT!: Only available in return pressure

independent version (L).

General:

The series-connection of the orifices allows the opening time, the closing time, the start of opening, and the full extent of opening to be matched to the requirements of the application.



4.5 Secondary pressure relief valve (SV)

To protect the actuator from overload, a version that includes a secondary pressure relief valve is available. A direct-acting pressure relief valve, type SVT or SVA, for the whole rated flow.



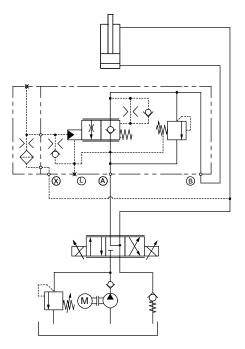
• IMPORTANT!: With open-centre directional valves, make sure that the valve has an adequate flow rating. If the security seals or other security elements are removed, all Bucher Hydraulics' liabilities become null and void.

4.5.1 Direct-acting secondary pressure relief valve Variant: SVA ($B \rightarrow A$)

The SVA direct-acting secondary pressure relief valve is connected directly to the load port B. When the pressure setting is reached, the relief spool opens a flow path to port A, the return line connection.

The relief setting is locked and sealed with a special lock nut.

Circuit example for SVA (B \rightarrow A) for directional valves with open-centre spool





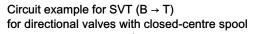
ATTENTION!:

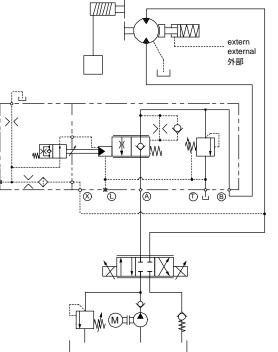
With body variant A, the return-line pressure is additive 1:1 to the pressure setting (see Fig. at left)! With body variant L, the spring chamber in the pressure relief valve is drained to tank, so the return-line pressure does not affect the pressure setting. 4.5.2 Direct-acting secondary pressure relief valve Variant: SVT ($B \rightarrow T$)

The SVT direct-acting secondary pressure relief valve is connected to the load port B. When the pressure setting is reached, the relief spool opens and creates a connection to the tank port T.

The relief setting is locked and sealed with a special lock nut.

This model is used when the open-centre spool cannot handle the full flow rate, or when the application causes the load to move.







ATTENTION!: In the case of a tank-line preload, the pressure is additive 1:1 to the pressure setting!



4.5.3 Overview table for secondary pressure relief valves



IMPORTANTI: Please refer to the technical design sheets 300-D-9050101 for cylinder applications and 300-D-9050102 for motor applications.

| | SV variants / spool variants | SVA ** Back-pressure dependent (CINDY 25-B-PSA) | SVA Back-pressure independent (CINDY 25-B-PSL) | SVT Back-pressure dependent (CINDY 25-B-PSA) | · · |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|--|--------------|
| Cylinder applications | Directional valve spool with open centre | ✓ | \checkmark | | |
| Cylinder applicatio | Directional valve spool with closed centre | × | | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| or ations * | Directional valve spool with open centre | \checkmark | J J | | |
| Motor applications | Directional valve spool with closed centre | × | | ✓ | ✓ |

Explanation of symbols: $\sqrt{4}$ = normal $\sqrt{4}$ = possible

Supplements / Notes:

* In motor applications, to prevent cavitation at the hydraulic motor it is essential to ensure that sufficient oil is always available at the supply side under all operating conditions!

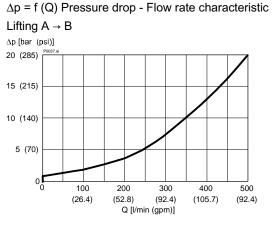
× = not possible

- ** Return-line pressure from line A is additive to the secondary pressure relief valve's pressure setting!
- *** Leakage/drain gallery (L) is internally connected within the body to the tank gallery (T)!

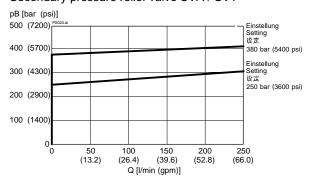


5 Performance graphs

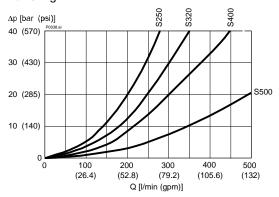
measured with oil viscosity 33 mm²/s (cSt)



p = f (Q) Pressure - Flow rate characteristic Secondary pressure relief valve SVA / SVT

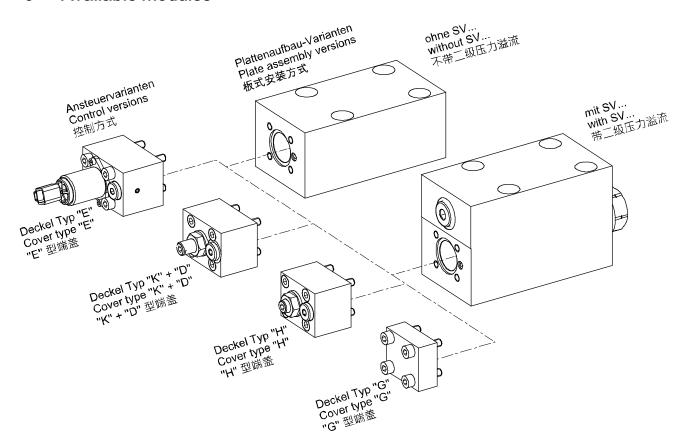


 $\label{eq:phi} \begin{array}{l} \Delta p = f\left(Q\right) \mbox{ Pressure drop - Flow rate characteristic} \\ \mbox{ Lowering } B \rightarrow A \end{array}$



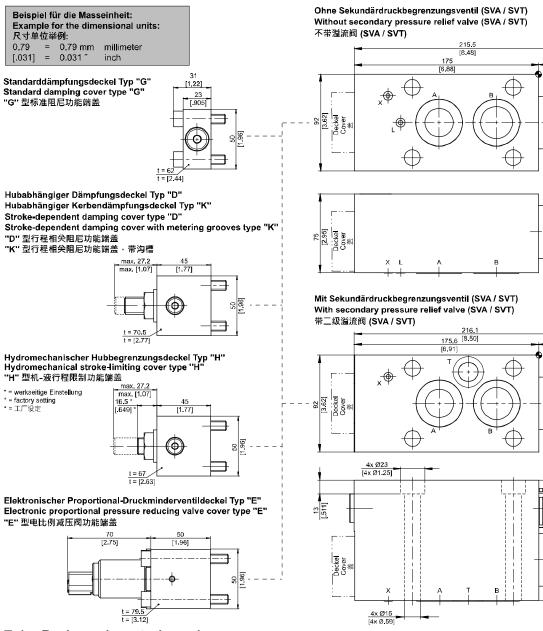


6 Available modules

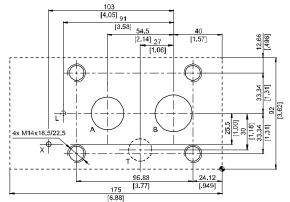




7 Dimensions & sectional view



7.1 Body and control versions



Anschlüsse T und L sind abhängig von der Varianten-Auswahl Connections T and L are depend on the variant selection T 口和 L 口取决于不同型号选择

| Anschlüsse Connections 连接方式 | Anschluss Grösse Connection size 连接尺寸 | O-Ring am Ventil O-Ring on the valve 阀上的O型圈 |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| А | max Ø 27 [Ø 1.06] | 37.69 × 3.53 |
| В | max. Ø 30.5 [Ø 1.20] | 37.69 x 3.53 |
| т | max.Ø18 [Ø0.70] | 23.47 x 2.62 |
| Х | max.Ø4 [Ø0.15] | 5.28 x 1.78 |
| L | max.Ø4 [Ø0.15] | 5.28 x 1.78 |

Toleranzen nach: Tolerances according to: DIN ISO 2768-mK 公差基于:

40.5

ME

MB

40.5 [1.59]

Erforderliche Oberfläche des Gegenstücks: Required surface of the counterpart: 需要配对的表面:



7.2 Interface drawing for mating face



8 Options

8.1 Load-pressure-overcompensated model

This version with compensation orifice (KD) is recommended for long boom systems, e.g. the telescopic booms of mobile cranes. The compensation, alternatively the overcompensation, has the effect of limiting the speed as the load pressure increases, and this in turn raises machine safety levels.

During the lowering function $B \rightarrow A$ (with a maximum pilot pressure of 19.8 bar), the cylinder's retraction speed is influenced by the compensation orifice KD. In spite of the constantly changing kinematics and the resulting increase in the load pressure, the lowering speed:

- is held almost constant even without a compensation orifice (standard model)
- is reduced with a compensation orifice (overcompensated model)

The compensation orifice in the pilot spool has the effect that, as the load pressure increases, the pressure acting on

Characteristic curves (examples)

the control spool in the closing direction also rises. As a result, the control spool throttles the B \rightarrow A flow area. To ensure that this function operates properly, these valve types must always be externally piloted.

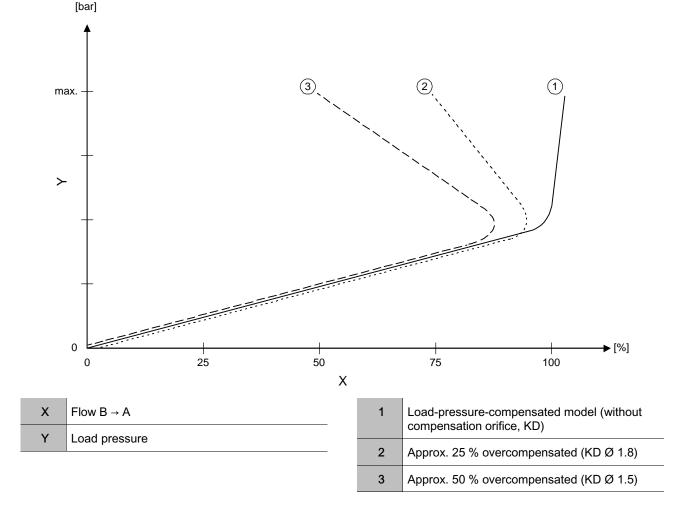


ATTENTION!:

A prerequisite is that the pilot pressure acting on the pilot piston is limited to max 19.8 bar. A higher pressure will prevent the speed-limiting function from working..

IMPORTANT!:

To ensure that this function operates properly, the back-pressure-independent variant L should be used.



9 Safety instructions

IMPORTANT!:

Designing load-control valves requires specialist technical knowledge and product knowledge. Safety applications must be verified by adequate tests to ensure safety in actual use.

9.1 Assembly / disassembly

IMPORTANT!:

The valve may only be used for its intended purpose within its nominal rating. If you plan to use it outside the nominal rating, you must contact the valve manufacturer. The ultimate responsibility for safety in the installation and use rests with the end-machine manufacturer of the mobile application.



IMPORTANT!:

Seal kit with the external seals is available on application.



IMPORTANT !:

The port threads conform to DIN 3852-2. Use screws to DIN EN ISO 4762, grade 12.9, to mount the valve. Tightening torques as per the manufacturer's instructions. These can be found on our website: www.bucherhydraulics.com (LOGIntern area; registration required)

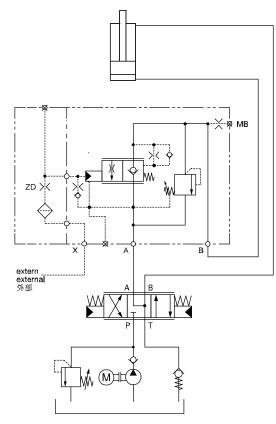
IMPORTANT!:

Protect seals and flange faces from damage. The mating flange face must be of the quality specified in the data sheet! Pay attention to the port designations.

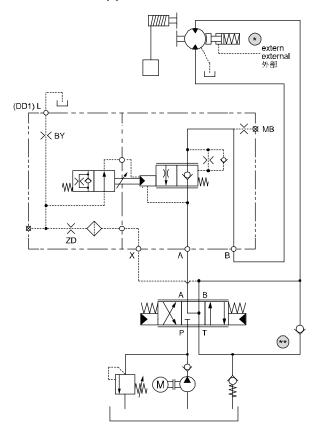


10 Application examples

10.1 Cylinder application



10.2 Motor application



RECOMMENDATION

- * Mechanical brake, externally controlled for reduced lowering pressures in the supply line of the motor.
- ** Anti-cavitation check valve for additional safety.



ATTENTION!:

Cavitation danger!

Control from the opposite line:

To open the valve, we recommend control from the opposite line. This method ensures that the actuator cannot run ahead of the incoming flow.

Brake release

(unlocking the mechanical brake):

The mechanical brake must be released before the load-control valve for winches is opened. This prevents draining of the return line to the main spool before the valve opens, thus preventing load fall.

11 Ordering code

| | | e.g. CINDY 25 - B - P N O - S250 - A - G |
|--------------|---|--|
| CINDY | = | series |
| 25 | = | size 25 |
| В | = | model / version |
| Р | = | manifold mounting |
| Ν | = | NBR (Nitrile) seals (standard) |
| V | | FKM (Viton) seals |
| Т | = | MIL (low temperature) seals |
| 0 | | without mounting screws (standard) |
| D | | incl. mtg. screws Geomet (ZL) 12.9 DIN 912 |
| S250 | | standard spool, $B \rightarrow A$ 250 l/min [66 gpm] * |
| S320 S400 | | standard spool, $B \rightarrow A$ 320 l/min [84.53 gpm] * standard spool, $B \rightarrow A$ 400 l/min [105.65 gpm] * |
| S500 | | standard spool, $B \rightarrow A^{-400}$ //min [100.05 gpm] * |
| A | = | influenced by return-line pressure in A |
| L | | not influenced by return-line pressure |
| G | = | standard damping cover |
| D | = | stroke-dependent damping cover |
| K | | stroke-dependent damping cover with metering grooves |
| H | | hydromechanical stroke-limiting cover |
| E | | Electroproportional pressure-reducing valve cover ¹) |
| | | orifice combination (is factory-defined) |
| (blank) | | without load pressure overcompensation |
| 25 50 | | with load pressure overcompensation 25% / compensation orifice KD Ø 1.8 with load pressure overcompensation 50% / compensation orifice KD Ø 1.5 |
| 50 52 | | with load pressure overcompensation 50% / compensation onlice KD Ø 1.4 |
| 54 | | with load pressure overcompensation 52% / compensation orifice KD Ø 1.3 |
| (blank) | | without secondary pressure relief |
| SVA | | secondary pressure relief valve $B \rightarrow A$ |
| SVT | = | secondary pressure relief valve $B \rightarrow T$ |
| | = | setting of the secondary pressure relief valve |
| | | SVA 120420 bar [17006000 psi] |
| | | SVT 120420 bar [17006000 psi] |

*) measured at 33 bar [478 psi] Δp from B \rightarrow A.

¹⁾ Only available in return pressure independent version (L).



12 Related data sheets

(LOGintern area; registration is necessary)

| Reference | Description | |
|---|---|--|
| 300-D-9050098 | Project Engineering & User Information, Series CINDY, SAE-flange, manifold and cartridge design | |
| 300-D-9050102 | Technical design sheet for CINDY load-control valves in cylinder applications | |
| 300-S-9050015 | Spare Parts Information, Series CINDY as manifold design | |
| IMPORTANT!: Additional documentation and 3D models (.stp or .igs format) can be downloaded from www.bucherhydraulics.com | We also offer customised solutions. Please talk to our sales team. | |

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